Контрольная работа

# 1. Прочитайте текст и ответьте на вопрос

JAPAN INCREASES TRADE AND INVESTMENT IN ASIA.

Japan has been the most powerful country in Asia, but it had little trade with the region until now. Now, Japan is doing more trade with Asia than with the rest of the world.

In 1985 the US was Japan's main customer; Japan exported a third more to the US than to Asia. Now, Asia buys 30% more than the US and three times as much as Europe. Japanese imports from Asia increased by 150% between 1985 and 1995. Now, Japan's imports amount to $60 billion from Asia in 1993, compared to $50 billion from the US and $24 billion from Europe.

In 1994, Japan invested $7.7 million in Asia. During the next few years, 75% of Japan's direct investment will be there. Japanese investment in the region is now $64 billion, as against US investment of $26 billion, or German investment of $7 billion.

Thailand expects new Japanese investment to reach $8 billion by 1998. Already, Japan controls 90% of Thailand's auto market. Labour costs in Japan are high, so Japanese companies are setting up in countries where workers get paid much less; an increasing number of Japan's employees now live outside Japan.

***Выберите правильный ответ на вопросы (А, В или C):***

1. Where was Japan's biggest export market in 1985?

A Europe

**В The US**

С Asia

2. Which of these regions exports least to Japan?

**A Europe**

В Asia

С The US

3. Japanese investment in the region is expected to increase in the future

**A to seventy-five per cent of Japan's total investment.**

В by one hundred and fifty per cent.

С to ninety per cent of the Thai auto market.

4. Japan is setting up companies in countries like Malaysia and Thailand because

A they can manufacture better cars.

В investment has increased in recent years.

**С labour is much cheaper there.**

**Выберите правильные ответы из рамки (A-H) на вопросы 5-8:**

1. How much will Japan invest in Thailand by 1998? **C $8 billion**
2. How much have the Americans invested in the region so far? **E $26 billion**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A | $7 billion | E | $26 billion |
| В | $ 7.7 million | F | $50 billion |
| С | $ 8 billion | G | $60 billion |
| D | $24 billion | H | $64 billion |

7. How much did Japan invest in Asia in the financial year 1994? **B $ 7.7 million** 8. How much did the US export to Japan in 1993? **F $ 50 billion**

# 2. Прочитайте текст и выберите правильное слово (А, В или С) для каждого пропуска

***F***or years, Vietnam had a classical Marxist economic system characterised by central planning and control. Then, **in** 1986, the policy of opening up the country to market forces and foreign investment was introduced. Ten years later, the effects can be **see** everywhere. Take the city of Hanoi **for** example. Five years **ago** you could wander around on foot without **worrying** about traffic. The city itself was peaceful and elegant, with lovely tree-lined avenues and **many** buildings of great architectural interest. The scene today is very different. Traffic **has** become a serious problem: Vietnam has 330,000 cars and over four million motorbikes, four times the number there **were** in 1990. Small hotels and office buildings are springing up all **of** the city, and commercial rents in Hanoi are now as high as in Paris and 70% higher **than** in Sydney.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 1. Aat  2. Aseeing  3. Afor  4. Aago  5. Aworried  6. Amany  7. Ais  8. Awere  9. Aalong  10. A than | Вin  Вsee  Вto  Вthen  Вworry  Вmuch  Вhas  Вdid  Вof  Вas | Сon  Сseen  Сby  Сsince  Сworrying  Сany  Сdoes  Сhad  Сover  Сwhen |

# 3. Вставьте артикли a, the или нулевой артикль

1. Who is **the** best player in your team?
2. I don't watch **a** television very often. // // /
3. Is there **a** bank near here? - Yes, at **the** end of this street.
4. After dinner we watched television.
5. I like sport. My favourite sport is basketball.
6. What time is **a** next train to London?
7. Everest is **the** highest mountain in **the** world.
8. Who was **the** first President of **the** United States?
9. Do you live here or are you **a** tourist?

10. Julia is **a** doctor. Her husband is **a** teacher.

11. My apartment is on **the** second floor. Turn left at **the** top of stairs, and it's **a** right.

12. What did you have for lunch?

13.1'd like to have **a** hamburger for breakfast.

14. Pushkin is **the** outstanding Russian poet.

15. Can you play **the** piano?

1. Will you play chess with me?
2. At night I had terrible headache after I had drunk **a** lot of coffee in evening.

18. By **the** way, have you heard anything from him lately?

19. Are you going to **the** country on Saturday?

20. Could you tell me **the** time, please? - It's **a** quarter past 4.

21. Do this exercise at school and that one at home.

22. What **a** lovely song!

23. We usually go shopping on Mondays.

24. **The** Earth goes round **the** sun.

25. lt took me half **a** hour to get there.

26. My favourite subject at school is history.

# 4. Напишите следующие существительные во множественном числе

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. flower-flowers | 12. leaf - leaves |
| 2. woman - women | 13. tooth - teeth |
| 3. knife-knives | 14. umbrella - umbrellas |
| 4. foot-feet | 15. day - days |
| 5. child - children | 16. bus - buses |
| 6. person-people | 17. shop-shops |
| 7. sheep-four sheep | 18. box - boxes |
| 8. holiday-holidays | 19. sandwich-sandwiches |
| 9. potato-potatoes | 20. week - weeks |
| 10. family-families | 21. mouse-mice |
| 11. address - addresses | 22. man - men |

# 5. Найдите и исправьте ошибки в предложениях

I'm going to buy some flowers. /нет ошибки

I need a new jeans. - I need **new** jeans.

There was a woman in the car with two mens. - There was a woman in the car with two **men.** Sheep eat grass. - Sheep **eats** grass. / Sheep **eat** grass.

David is married and has three childs. - David is married and has three **children.** Most of my friend are student. - Most of my **friends are students**.

Do you know many persons in this town? - Do you know many **people** in this town. The town centre is usually full of tourist. - The town centre is usually full of **tourists**. I don't like mice. I'm afraid of them. - I don't like mice. I'm afraid of **it**.

10.1 need my glasses, but I can't find **it.**

11. We'd like three dozens eggs. - We'd like three dozen **eggs.**

12. **It cost** four hundred dollars.

13. There is a lot of sheep in the field. - **There are** a lot of sheep in the field.

14. Money are not everything. - Money **is not** everything.

15. We went fishing, but we didn't catch many fishes. - We went fishing, but we didn't catch many **fish.**

16. In summer we eat a lot of fruit.

17. There are forks, spoons and knifes on the table. - There are forks, spoons and **knives** on the table.

# 6. Используйте прилагательные в нужной форме

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. I met my (good) friend yesterday. | A. goodest |
|  | B. better |
|  | C. **best** |
| 2. Mary is (young) in her family. | A. **the youngest** |
|  | B. the younger |
|  | C. young |
| 3. - It isn't very warm today, is it?  No, it was (warm) yesterday. | A. more warm |
| B. **warmer** |
|  | C. the warmest |
| 4. Where is (near) post-office, please? | A. **the nearest** |
|  | B. the next |
|  | C. nearer |
| 5. The 22nd of December is (short) day in the year. | A. the short |
|  | B. the shorter |
|  | С. **the shortest** |
| 6. The problem was (serious) we expected. | A. seriouser than |
|  | B. **more serious than** |
| 7. Public transport in London is (expensive) than in Europe. | A. he expensivest |
| B. the most expensive |
|  | C. **more expensive** |
| 8. Let's go by train. It's much (cheap). | A. cheap |
|  | B. **cheaper** |
|  | С. the cheapest |
| 9. Moscow is (large) city in Russia. | A. **the largest** |
|  | B. largest |
|  | C. larger |
| 10. He has. time than me. | A. bigger |
|  | B. much |
|  | С. **more** |
| 11. I earn (little) money than he does. | A. littler |
|  | B. more little |
|  | С. **less** |
| 12.1s Alan (tall) than Tom? | A. **taller** |
|  | B. tall |
|  | С. as tall as |

# 7. Исправьте предложения, где это необходимо

1. I am busier than my little sister. +
2. London is more old than New York. - London is **older** than New York.
3. It's the most sharp pencil I have. - It's the **sharpest** pencil I have.
4. Do you know the shortest way to the station? +
5. This exercise is more difficult than that one. +
6. She is the most pretty girl I've ever known. - She is the **prettiest** girl I've ever known.
7. The boy is as taller as his father. - The boy is as **tall** than his father.
8. Baseball is the popularest summer sport in America. - Baseball is **the most popular** summer sport in America
9. Can you come more early next time? - Can you come more **earlier** next time? 10. You should be carefuler. - You should **be more careful.**

# 8. Заполните пропуски соответствующими местоимениями

1. She washed **her** hands and face.
2. We invited Liz to stay with **us** in **our** house.
3. Do you know that man? - Yes, I know **him**.
4. That is his book. Give **it** to him.
5. The bag is heavy. What is there in **it**?
6. Look at them!. are playing like kids.

7. - Are **you** a teacher? - No, **i** am not.

8. They live in the country **their** house isn't big but **it** is comfortable.

1. . Can **i** help **you**? - Yes, please **i** would like a pair of shoes.
2. . What's **your** phone number? May I phone **you**? 11. Give me **your** photo and I'll give you **me**.

12. I don't want this book. You can have **it**.

13. My sister has a new car, but she doesn't like **it**.

1. He has two sons. He plays football with **them** in his free time.
2. That's my book. Can I have **it** back, please?
3. Ann's new teacher is Mrs White. Ann likes **her** a lot.
4. We are good students, so our teacher likes **us**.

18. Kate likes Julia, but Mary doesn't like **her** at all.

19. He buys *&* newspaper every day and reads **it** on the train.

20. Look! This is a photo of **me** with my family.

# 9. Дополните предложения, используя отрицание

**Например: I like swimming, but I don't like tennis.**

1. I like coffee but I **don’t like tea.**

1. We like playing football but we **don’t like play basketball.**
2. Sue likes cats but she **doesn't like dogs.**
3. 4.1 speak English but I **don't speak French**
4. Tom speaks French but he **doesn't speak English**
5. The Browns have a son but they **haven’t a daughter.**

# 10. Ответьте на вопросы

1. How many days are there in a year? **There are 365 days in a year.**
2. How many minutes are there in two hours? **There are 120 minutes in two hours.**
3. How many students are there in your group? **There are 16 students in my group.**
4. How many months are there in a year? **There are 12 months in a year.**

# 11. Употребите нужную форму глагола to be

I. Where **are** you from?

1. How old **are** you? How old **is** your brother?
2. What **is** your aunt's name?
3. I**’m** glad to see you. How **are** you?
4. The dog **is** in the garden.
5. Tom's parents **are** travel agents.
6. That book **is** (not) very interesting. Take this one.
7. The best seats **are** 10$.
8. Moscow **is** the capital of Russia.
9. I**’m** hot. Open the window, please.

английский язык артикль местоимение

# 12. Составьте вопросы. Используйте is или are

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 1. (at home/ your mother) |  | Is your mother at home? |
| 2. (your parents /well) |  | Are your parents well? |
| 3. (interesting / your job) |  | Is your job interesting? |
| 4. (the shops / open today) |  | Are the shops open today? |
| 5. (interested in sport / you) |  | Are you interested in sport? |
| 6. (why / you / late) |  | Why are you late? |
| 7. (at school / your children) |  | Are your children at school? |
| 8. (you / married or single) |  | Are married or single? |
| 9. (a lawyer / your wife) |  | Is your wife a lawyer? |
| 10. (where / you / from) |  | Where are from? |

# 13. Дополните предложения. Используйте следующие глаголы

**like / boil / get up / go / read / speak / have / drink / play / open**

1. Margaret **speaks** four languages.
2. In Britain the banks usually **open** at 9.30 in the morning.
3. Water **boils** at 100 degrees Celsius.
4. I often **play** basketball.
5. We always **have** dinner at 7.30.
6. Children usually **like** chocolate.
7. I never **read** in bed.
8. Sometimes I **drink** coffee for breakfast.
9. I never **get up** before 7 o'clock.
10. 10. Usually I **go** to work by bus.

# 14. Составьте вопросы, используя слова в нужном порядке

1. Where / live / your / parents - **Where do your parents live?**
2. Swimming/you/like-**Do you like swimming?**
3. Often / snow / it here - **How often does it snow here?**

4. Go / usually / to bed / what time / you - **What time do you usually go to bed?**

1. Your brother / like / football - **Does your brother like football?**
2. You / want / what / for dinner - **What do you want for dinner?**
3. You / always / early / get up-**Do you always get up early?**
4. How often / you / TV / watch - **How often do you watch TV?**
5. She / piano / play - **Does she play the piano?**

# 15. Заполните пропуски в тексте предлогами из рамки

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| at | in | about | after | for | with | by | to | on | of |

James lives **in** a small flat **in** Cambridge. He lives **with** two other boys who are students **of** Cambridge University. They work hard during the week, but **at** weekends they invite a lot **of** friends to their house. They cook a meal **for** their friends, and then they go out **to** the pub **for** a drink, or they stay. **at.** home and listen **to** music.

James has two jobs **on** Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays he works **in** a hospital, where he helps to look **after** children who are ill. He goes **to** the hospital **by** bus. He starts **at** ten o'clock and works until quarter **of** five. On Thursdays and Fridays he works **at** home. He has a word processor **in** his bedroom and he writes stories. **On** the evenings one **of** the boys cooks a meal **for** dinner they look in the newspaper to see what is **on** TV or they talk **about** their days. They usually go **to** bed at about midnight

# 16. Дополните предложения, используя how much и how many

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. | **How many** potatoes do you want? |
| 2. | **How many** people are coming to the party? |
| 3. | **How** **much** milk do you want in your coffee? |
| 4. | **How** **much** bread did you buy? |
| 5. | **How many** players are there in a football team? |
| 6. | **How many** mistakes have you done in your test? |
| 7. | **How** **much** money have you got? |
| 8. | **How many**. languages do you speak? |
| 9. | **How** **much** time does it take you to get to work? |
| 10. | **How** **much** petrol is there in the car? |

# 17. Заполните пропуски, употребив little/ a little/ few/ a few

1. There was **little** food in the fridge. It was nearly empty.
2. When did Ann go out? - **a few** minutes ago.
3. I can't decide now. I need **a little** time to think about it.
4. The bus service isn't very good at night - there are **few** buses after 9 o'clock.
5. We are going away for **a few** days next week.
6. I can't talk to you now - I've got **a little** things to do.
7. I am going out for a walk. I need **a little** fresh air.
8. Have you ever been to Rome? - Yes, **a few** times.

9. Are you going out alone? - No, I am going with **a few** friends.

10. Excuse me, can I ask you **a few** questions?

11. There were **few** people on the bus - it was nearly empty.

12. Would you like some soup? - Yes, **a little** please.

13. Everybody needs **a little** luck.

14. I eat very **little** meat - I don't like it very much.

# 18. Употребите глаголы в Present Simple или Present Continuous

1. Excuse me. (you/ speak) English? - Excuse me. **Do you speak English?**
2. Where's Tom? - . (he / have) a shower. - **He is having.**
3. I (not / watch) television very often. - **I don’t watch television very often.**
4. Listen! Somebody. (sing). - **Somebody is singing.**
5. Sandra is tired. (she / want) to go home now. - **She want to go home now.**
6. How often. (you / read) a newspaper? - **How often do you read a newspaper.**
7. Excuse me, but … (you/sit) in my place. Excuse me, but **you** in my place.
8. I'm sorry, I. (not / understand). Can you speak more slowly? - **I'm sorry, I’ don’t understood/didn’t understand.**
9. It's late.I. (go) home now. (you / come) with me? - **I go home now. Do you come with me?**
10. What time **does your father finish** work in the evening?
11. You can turn off the radio. (I / not / listen to) it. - **I’m not listening it.**
12. Martin. (not / usually / drive) to work**.** He … (usually/walk). **Martin doesn’t usually drive to work. He usually walks.**

13. Sue. (not / like) coffee. (She /prefer) tea. - **Sue does’n like coffee. She prefers tea.**

Martin. (not / usually / drive) to work. He. (usually / **walk)**